

#### Intent

At Higham, our vision for PSHE is to enable all pupils to flourish in the world around them. We endeavor to ensure that all pupils have a range of social and interpersonal skills that will help them to succeed in life as well as being positive citizens. We will also equip them with the necessary knowledge to support and enhance a healthy lifestyle and mind-set. We believe that a broad and balanced PSHE education is the entitlement of all pupils, regardless of ethnic origin, gender, class, aptitude or disability. It is our vision that all pupils will display our key values throughout their time at the school. These values are: respect, teamwork, perseverance, responsibility, kindness and creativity. The values will form the focus of assemblies and awards each term.

#### **Implementation**

PSHE will be covered through weekly Jigsaw lessons discretely taught throughout the school, from FS to Yr. 6, to give depth and breadth to the curriculum.

The Jigsaw scheme of learning, which includes statutory Relationships and Health Education (England), is a spiral, progressive and fully planned scheme of work. This comprehensive programme gives children relevant learning experiences to help them navigate their world, to develop positive relationships with others and have an awareness of their own strengths and skills.

The six Jigsaw pieces (half-termly units) are designed to enable the whole school to study the same learning themes at the same time. Each year group learns the through the units at an age appropriate level. The pieces are sequential and developmental throughout each academic year. The Puzzle units are: Being Me in My World, Celebrating Difference, Dreams and Goals, Healthy Me, Relationships and Changing Me.

This comprehensive programme ensures that all pupils are challenged to fulfil their potential. PSHE lessons are rich in resources, vocabulary, questioning and content. They encourage all children to be resilient and to understand how to keep themselves safe and happy in their world leading to a successful future.

Lessons have a strong emphasis on emotional literacy, nurturing the children's mental and physical health. Mindfulness aspects encourage the children to advance their emotional awareness, concentration and focus. The Jigsaw resources allow teachers at Higham Primary School to deliver engaging and relevant PSHE within a whole-school approach.

In addition to the Jigsaw lessons, circle time is used as required, to address specific issues and concerns which may occur either in the classroom or on the playground, as well as allowing pupils the opportunity to discuss current affairs.

At Higham, we have an active school council with two representations from each class (Years 1 to 6). The council meets regularly throughout the year to discuss school issues, forthcoming events, fundraising activities and are involved in the appointment of some new staff. The school council allows all pupils to have a voice and to be heard. Children gain an understanding of the democratic process, and can see the positive impact the council has on school life.

#### **Impact**

The impact of the PSHE curriculum can be evidenced in various ways. Such as social skills, personal skills, respect towards others and themselves, as well as their ability to live in the ever changing world around them. It will be assessed through the jigsaw puzzles themes: Being Me in My World, Celebrating Difference, Dreams and Goals, Healthy Me, Relationships and Changing Me, and all children will:

- have an ability to try new things
- push themselves and persevere
- understand how to stay safe and healthy
- develop good relationships
- have an appreciation of what it means to be a positive member of a diverse, multicultural society
- have a strong self-awareness, interlinked with compassion of others.

The school leadership team, subject leaders and governors relentlessly drive the PSHE curriculum forward and monitor it vigorously.



			Early Years Foundation Stage
	Personal, Social and	Self-Regulation	<ul> <li>Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.</li> <li>Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.</li> <li>Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.</li> </ul>
ELG	Emotional Development	Managing Self	<ul> <li>Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.</li> <li>Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.</li> <li>Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.</li> </ul>
		Building Relationships	<ul> <li>Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.</li> <li>Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.</li> <li>Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.</li> </ul>

For further details on PSHE in EYFS please see separate document 'PSHE in EYFS'



		SCHOOL 1						
To	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Being Me in My World	Overview	In this Puzzle (unit), the children talk about how they have similarities and differences from their friends and how that is OK. They begin working on recognising and managing their feelings, identifying different ones and the causes these can have. The children talk about working with others and why it is good to be kind and use gentle hands. They discuss children's rights, especially linked to the right to learn and the right to play. The children talk about what it means to be responsible.	In this Puzzle (unit), the children are introduced to their Jigsaw Journals and discuss their Jigsaw Charter. As part of this they discuss rights and responsibilities, choices and consequences. The children talk about being special and how to make everyone feel safe in their class as well as recognising their own safety.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children discuss their hopes and fears for the year ahead – they talk about feeling worried and recognising when they should ask for help and who to ask. They talk about rights and responsibilities; how to work collaboratively, how to listen to each other and how to make their classroom a safe and fair place. The children talk about choices and the consequences of making different choices, set up their Jigsaw Journals and make the Jigsaw Charter.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children learn to recognise their selfworth and identify positive things about themselves and their achievements. They talk about new challenges and how to face them with positivity. The children talk about the need for rules and how these relate to rights and responsibilities. They talk about choices and consequences, working collaboratively and seeing things from other people's points of view. The children talk about different feelings and the ability to recognise these feelings in themselves and others. They set up their Jigsaw Journals and establish the Jigsaw Charter.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children talk about being part of a team. They talk about attitudes and actions and their effects on the whole class. The children learn about their school and its community, who all the different people are and what their roles are. They discuss democracy and link this to their own School Council, what its purpose is and how it works. The children talk about group work, the different roles people can have, how to make positive contributions, how to make collective decisions and how to deal with conflict. They also talk about considering other people's feelings. They refresh their Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children think and talk about the year ahead, goals they could set for themselves as well as the challenges they may face. They learn and talk about their rights and responsibilities as a member of their class, school, wider community and the country they live in. The children talk about their own behaviour and its impact on a group as well as choices, rewards, consequences and the feelings associated with each. They also talk about democracy, how it benefits the school and how they can contribute towards it. They revisit the Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children discuss their year ahead, they learnt to set goals and discuss their fears and worries about the future. The class learn about the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child and that these are not met for all children worldwide. They talk about their choices and actions and how these can have farreaching effects, locally and globally. The children talk about their own behaviour and how their choices can result in rewards and consequences and how these feel. They talk about how an individual's behaviour and the impact it can have on a group. They also talk about democracy, how it benefits the school and how they can contribute towards it. They establish the Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.
Being Me in My World	Key Vocabulary	Kind, Gentle, Friend, Similar, Different, Rights, Responsibilities, Feelings, Angry, Happy, Excited, Nervous, Sharing, Taking Turns.	Safe, Special, Calm, Belonging, Special, Rights, Responsibilities, Learning Charter, Jigsaw Charter, Rewards, Proud, Consequences, Upset, Disappointed, Illustration.	Worries, Hopes, Fears, Belonging, Rights, Responsibilities, Responsible, Actions, Praise, Reward, Consequence, Positive, Negative, Choices, Co-Operate, Learning Charter, Problem- Solving.	Welcome, Valued, Achievements, Proud, Pleased, Personal Goal, Praise, Acknowledge, Affirm, Emotions, Feelings, Nightmare, Fears, Worries, Solutions, Support, Rights, Responsibilities, Learning Charter, Dream, Behaviour, Rewards, Consequences, Actions, Fairness, Choices, Co- Operate, Group Dynamics, Team Work, View Point, Ideal School, Belong.	Included, Excluded, Welcome, Valued, Team, Charter, Role, Job Description, School Community, Responsibility, Rights, Democracy, Democratic, Reward, Consequence, Decisions, Voting, Authority, Learning Charter, Contribution, Observer, UN Convention on Rights of Child (UNCRC).	Goals, Worries, Fears, Value, Welcome, Choice, Ghana, West Africa, Cocoa Plantation, Cocoa Pods, Machete, Rights, Community, Education, Wants, Needs, Maslow, Empathy, Comparison, Opportunities, Education, Choices, Behaviour, Responsibilities, Rewards, Consequences, Empathise, Learning Charter, Obstacles, Cooperation, Collaboration, Legal, Illegal, Lawful, Laws, Participation, Motivation, Democracy, Decision, Proud.	Challenge, Goal, Attitude, Actions, Rights and Responsibilities, United Nations Convention on The Rights of the Child, Citizen, Choices, Consequences, Views, Opinion, Collaboration, Collective Decision, Democracy.



To	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Being Me in My World	Knowledge	Know special things about themselves Know that some people are different from themselves Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly Know that being kind is good Know they have a right to learn and play, safely and happily	Understand the rights and responsibilities of a member of a class Understand that their views are important Understand that their choices have consequences Understand their own rights and responsibilities with their classroom	Identifying hopes and fears for the year ahead Understand the rights and responsibilities of class members Know that it is important to listen to other people Understand that their own views are valuable Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the learning of others	Understand that they are important Know what a personal goal is Understanding what a challenge is Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences Know that actions can affect others' feelings Know that others may hold different views Know that the school has a shared set of values	Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class     Know about the different roles in the school community     Know their place in the school community     Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)     Know that their own actions affect themselves and others     Know how groups work together to reach a consensus     Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community	Know how to face new challenges positively     Understand how to set personal goals     Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country     Know how an individual's behaviour can affect a group and the consequences of this     Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community     Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process	Know how to set goals for the year ahead     Understand what fears and worries are     Know about children's universal rights (United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)     Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world     Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally     Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards     Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community     Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process
Being Me in My World	Social and Emotional Skills	<ul> <li>Identify feelings associated with belonging</li> <li>Identify feelings of happiness and sadness</li> <li>Skills to play cooperatively with others</li> <li>Be able to consider others' feelings</li> <li>Be responsible in the setting</li> </ul>	Understanding that they are special Understand that they are safe in their class Identifying helpful behaviours to make the class a safe place Identify what it's like to feel proud of an achievement Recognise feelings associated with positive and negative consequences Understand that they have choices	Recognise own feelings and know when and where to get help Know how to make their class a safe and fair place Show good listening skills Recognise the feeling of being worried Be able to work cooperatively	Recognise self-worth Identify personal strengths Be able to set a personal goal Recognise feelings of happiness, sadness, worry and fear in themselves and others Make other people feel valued Develop compassion and empathy for others Be able to work collaboratively	Identify the feelings associated with being included or excluded  Can make others feel valued and included  Be able to take on a role in a group discussion / task and contribute to the overall outcome  Can make others feel cared for and welcomed  Recognise the feelings of being motivated or unmotivated  Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter  Be able to help friends make positive choices  Know how to regulate my emotions	Be able to identify what they value most about school Identify hopes for the school year Empathy for people whose lives are different from their own Consider their own actions and the effect they have on themselves and others Be able to work as part of a group, listening and contributing effectively Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter Be able to help friends make positive choices Know how to regulate my emotions	Be able to make others feel welcomed and valued Know own wants and needs Be able to compare their life with the lives of those less fortunate Demonstrate empathy and understanding towards others Can demonstrate attributes of a positive role model Can take positive action to help others Be able to contribute towards a group task Know what effective group work is Know how to regulate my emotions



To	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
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Celebrating Differences	Overview	In this Puzzle (unit) children are encouraged to think about things that they are good at whilst understanding that everyone is good at different things. They talk about being different and how that makes everyone special but also recognising that we are the same in some ways. The children talk about their homes and are asked to explain why it is special to them. They talk about friendship and how to be a kind friend and how to stand up for themselves if someone says or does something unkind to them.	In this Puzzle (unit) the class talk about the similarities and differences between people and that these make us unique and special. The children learn what bullying is and what it isn't. They talk about how it might feel to be bullied and when and who to ask for help. The children talk about friendship, how to make friends and that it is OK to have differences from their friends. The children also talk about being nice to and looking after other children you might be being bullied.	In this Puzzle (unit) the class talk about gender stereotypes, that boys and girls can have differences and similarities and that is OK. They talk about children being bullied because they are different, that this shouldn't happen and how to support a classmate who is being bullied. The children talk about feelings associated with bullying and how and where to get help. They talk about similarities and differences and that it is OK for friends to have differences without it affecting their friendship.	In this Puzzle (unit) the class learn about families, that they are all different and that sometimes they fall out with each other. The children talk about techniques to calm themselves down and discuss a technique called 'solve it together.' The children revisit the topic of bullying and talk about being a witness (bystander), they took about how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place. The children also talk about using problem-solving techniques in bullying situations. They talk about name-calling and choosing not to use hurtful words. They also talk about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this.	In this Puzzle (unit) the children talk about judging people by their appearance, first impressions and what influences their thinking on what is normal. They talk about bullying, including online bullying and what to do if they suspect or know that it is taking place. They discuss the pressures of being a witness and why some people choose to join in or choose to not tell anyone about what they have seen. The children talk about their own uniqueness and what is special about themselves. They talk about first impressions and when their own first impressions of someone have changed.	In this Puzzle (unit) the class explore culture and cultural differences. They link this to racism, talking about what it is and how to be aware of their own feelings towards people from different cultures. They revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name-calling. The children talk about direct and indirect bullying as well as ways to encourage children to not using bullying behaviours. The class talk about happiness regardless of material wealth and respecting other people's cultures.	In this Puzzle (unit) the class talk about differences and similarities and that for some people, being different is hard. The children talk about bullying and how people can have power over others in a group. They talk about strategies for dealing with this as well as wider bullying issues. The class talk about people with disabilities and look at specific examples of disabled people who have amazing lives and achievements.
Celebrating Differences	Key Vocabulary	Different, Special, Proud, Friends, Kind, Same, Similar, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Angry, Family.	Similarity, Same as, Different from, Difference, Bullying, Bullying behaviour, Deliberate, On purpose, Unfair, Included, Bully, Bullied, Celebrations, Special, Unique.	Boys, Girls, Similarities, Assumptions, Shield, Stereotypes, Special, Differences, Bully, Purpose, Kind, Unkind, Feelings, Sad, Lonely, Help, Stand up for, Male, Female, Diversity, Fairness, Kindness, Friends, Unique, Value.	Family, Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Difference, Special, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Unkind, Feelings, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment, Unique.	Character, Assumption, Judgement, Surprised, Different, Appearance, Accept, Influence, Opinion, Attitude, Bullying, Friend, Secret, Deliberate, On purpose, Bystander, Witness, Bully, Problem solve, Cyber bullying, Text message, Website, Troll, Special, Unique, Physical features, Impression, Changed.	Culture, Conflict, Difference, Similarity, Belong, Culture Wheel, Racism, Colour, Race, Discrimination, Ribbon, Bullying, Rumour, Namecalling, Racist, Homophobic, Cyber bullying, Texting, Problem solving, Indirect, Direct, Happiness, Developing World, Celebration, Artefacts, Display, Presentation.	Normal, Ability, Disability, Visual impairment, Empathy, Perception, Medication, Vision, Blind, Male, Female, Diversity, Transgender, Gender Diversity, Courage, Fairness, Rights, Responsibilities, Power, Struggle, Imbalance, Harassment, Bullying, Bullying behaviour, Direct, Indirect, Argument, Recipient, Para- Olympian, Achievement, Accolade, Perseverance, Sport, Admiration, Stamina, Celebration, Conflict.



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Celebrating Differences	Knowledge	Now what being proud means and that people can be proud of different things Know that people can be good at different things Know what being unique means Know that families can be different Know that people have different homes and why they are important to them Know different ways of making friends Know different ways to stand up for myself Know the names of some emotions such as happy, sad, frightened, angry Know that they don't have to be 'the same as' to be a friend Know why having friends is important Know some qualities of a positive friendship	Know that people have differences and similarities     Know what bullying means     Know who to tell if they or someone else is being bullied or is feeling unhappy     Know skills to make friendships     Know that people are unique and that it is OK to be different	Now there are stereotypes about boys and girls Know that it is OK not to conform to gender stereotypes Know it is good to be yourself Know that sometimes people get bullied because of difference Know the difference between right and wrong and the role that choice has to play in this Know that friends can be different and still be friends Know where to get help if being bullied Know the difference between a one-off incident and bullying	Know why families are important     Know that everybody's family is different     Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this     Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships     Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the     situation worse or better by what they do     Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences	Know that sometimes people make assumptions about a person because of the way they look or act     Know there are influences that can affect how we judge a person or situation     Know that some forms of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying     Know what to do if they think bullying is, or might be taking place     Know the reasons why witnesses sometimes join in with bullying and don't tell anyone     Know that first impressions can change	Know what culture means     Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict     Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable     Know that rumour spreading is a form of bullying on and offline     Know external forms of support in regard to bullying e.g. Childline     Know that bullying can be direct and indirect     Know how their life is different from the lives of children in the developing world	Now that there are different perceptions of 'being normal' and where these might come from Know that being different could affect someone's life Know that power can play a part in a bullying or conflict situation Know that people can hold power over others individually or in a group Know why some people choose to bully others Know that people with disabilities can lead amazing lives Know that difference can be a source of celebration as well as conflict



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Celebrating Differences	Social and Emotional Skills	Identify feelings associated with being proud Identify things they are good at Be able to vocalise success for themselves and about others successes Identify some ways they can be different and the same as others Recognise similarities and differences between their family and other families Identify and use skills to make a friend Identify and use skills to stand up for themselves Recognise emotions when they or someone else is upset, frightened or angry	Recognise ways in which they are the same as their friends and ways they are different Identify what is bullying and what isn't Understand how being bullied might feel Know ways to help a person who is being bullied Identify emotions associated with making a new friend Verbalise some of the attributes that make them unique and special	Understand that boys and girls can be similar in lots of ways and that is OK Understand that boys and girls can be different in lots of ways and that is OK Explain how being bullied can make someone feel Can choose to be kind to someone who is being bullied Know how to stand up for themselves when they need to Recognise that they shouldn't judge people because they are different Understand that everyone's differences make them special and unique	Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family Empathise with people who are bullied Employ skills to support someone who is bullied Be able to 'problem-solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment	Try to accept people for who they are  Identify influences that have made them think or feel positively/negatively about a situation  Identify feelings that a bystander might feel in a bullying situation  Identify reasons why a bystander might join in with bullying  Revisit the 'Solve it together' technique to practise conflict and bullying scenarios  Identify their own uniqueness  Be comfortable with the way they look  Identify when a first impression they had was right or wrong  Be non-judgemental about others who are different	Identify their own culture and different cultures within their class community Identify their own attitudes about people from different faith and cultural backgrounds Identify a range of strategies for managing their own feelings in bullying situations Identify some strategies to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices Be able to support children who are being bullied Appreciate the value of happiness regardless of material wealth Develop respect for cultures different from their own	Empathise with people who are different and be aware of my own feelings towards them     Identify feelings associated with being excluded     Be able to recognise when someone is exerting power negatively in a relationship     Use a range of strategies when involved in a bullying situation or in situations where difference is a source of conflict     Identify different feelings of the bully, bullied and bystanders in a bullying scenario     Be able to vocalise their thoughts and feelings about prejudice and discrimination and why it happens     Appreciate people for who they are     Show empathy
Dreams and Goals	Overview	In this Puzzle the children talk about challenges and facing up to them. They discuss not giving up and trying until they have achieved their goal. The children are encouraged to think about jobs that they might like to have when they are older and are taught to associate what they learn now with being able to have the job they want. They also talk about achieving goals and the feelings linked to this.	In this Puzzle the class talk about setting simple goals, how to achieve them as well as overcoming difficulties when they try. The children learn to recognise the feelings associated with facing obstacles to achieving their goals as well as when they achieve them. They discuss partner working and how to do this well.	In this Puzzle the class talk about setting realistic goals and how they can achieve them. They discuss perseverance when they find things difficult as well as recognising their strengths as a learner. The children talk about group work and reflect on who they work well with and who they don't. They also talk about sharing success with other people.	In this Puzzle the class look at examples of people who have overcome challenges to achieve success and discuss what they can learn from these stories. The children identify their own dreams and ambitions and discuss how it will feel when they achieve them. They talk about facing learning challenges and identify their own strategies for overcoming these. The children talk about obstacles which might stop them from achieving their goals and how to overcome these. They reflect on their progress and successes and identify what they could do better next time.	In this Puzzle the children talk about their hopes and dreams. They discuss how it feels when dreams don't come true and how to cope with / overcome feelings of disappointment. The children talk about making new plans and setting new goals even if they have been disappointed. The class talk about group work and overcoming challenges together. They reflect on their successes and the feelings associated with overcoming a challenge.	In this Puzzle the class talk about their dreams and goals and how they might need money to help them achieve them. They look at jobs that people they know do, they look at the fact that some jobs pay more money than others and reflect on what types of jobs they might like to do when they are older. The children look as the similarities and differences between themselves (and their dreams and goals) and someone from a different culture.	In this Puzzle the class talk about their own strengths and further stretching themselves by setting challenging and realistic goals. They discuss the learning steps they'll need to take as well as talking about how to stay motivated. The children explore various global issues and explore places where people may be suffering or living in difficult situations – whilst doing this they reflect on their own emotions linked to this learning. The class also talk about what they think their classmates like and admire about them as well as working on giving others praise and compliments.



Topic		Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
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Dreams and Goals	Key Vocabulary	Dream, Goal, Challenge, Job, Ambition, Perseverance, Achievement, Happy, Kind, Encourage	Proud, Success, Achievement, Goal, Treasure, Coins, Goal, Learning, Stepping-stones, Process, Working together, Team work, Celebrate, Learning, Stretchy, Challenge, Feelings, Obstacle, Overcome, Achieve, Dreams, Goals.	Realistic, Proud, Success, Celebrate, Achievement, Goal, Strength, Persevere, Challenge, Difficult, Easy, Learning Together, Partner, Team work, Product.	Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Team work, Enterprise, Design, Cooperation, Product, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, 'Solve It Together' Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Celebrate, Evaluate.	Dream, Hope, Goal, Determination, Perseverance, Resilience, Positive attitude, Disappointment, Fears, Hurts, Positive experiences, Plans, Cope, Help, Self-belief, Motivation, Commitment, Enterprise, Design, Cooperation, Success, Celebrate, Evaluate.	Dream, Hope, Goal, Feeling, Achievement, Money, Grown Up, Adult, Lifestyle, Job, Career, Profession, Money, Salary, Contribution, Society, Determination, Perseverance, Motivation, Aspiration, Culture, Country, Sponsorship, Communication, Support, Rallying, Team Work, Cooperation, Difference.	Dream, Hope, Goal, Learning, strengths, Stretch, Achievement, Personal, Realistic, Unrealistic, Feeling, Success, Criteria, Learning steps, Money, Global issue, Suffering, Concern, Hardship, Sponsorship, Empathy, Motivation, Admire, Respect, Praise, Compliment, Contribution, Recognition.
Dreams and Goals	Knowledge	Know what a challenge is     Know that it is important to keep trying     Know what a goal is     Know how to set goals and work towards them     Know which words are kind     Know some jobs that they might like to do when they are older     Know that they must work hard now in order to be able to achieve the job they want when they are older     Know when they have achieved a goal	Know how to set simple goals     Know how to achieve a goal     Know how to work well with a partner     Know that tackling a challenge can stretch their learning     Know how to identify obstacles which make achieving their goals difficult and work out how to overcome them     Know when a goal has been achieved	Know how to choose a realistic goal and think about how to achieve it     Know that it is important to persevere     Know how to recognise what working together well looks like     Know what good group working looks like     Know how to share success with other people	Know about specific people who have overcome difficult challenges to achieve success     Know what dreams and ambitions are important to them     Know how they can best overcome learning challenges     Know that they are responsible for their own learning     Know what their own strengths are as a learner     Know what an obstacle is and how they can hinder achievement     Know how to take steps to overcome obstacles     Know how to evaluate their own learning progress and identify how it can be better next time	Know what their own hopes and dreams are     Know that hopes and dreams don't always come true     Know that reflecting on positive and happy experiences can help them to counteract disappointment     Know how to make a new plan and set new goals even if they have been disappointed     Know how to work out the steps they need to take to achieve a goal     Know how to work as part of a successful group     Know how to share in the success of a group	Know that they will need money to help them to achieve some of their dreams     Know about a range of jobs that are carried out by people I know     Know that different jobs pay more money than others     Know the types of job they might like to do when they are older     Know that young people from different cultures may have different dreams and goals     Know that communicating with someone from a different culture means that they can learn from them and vice versa     Know ways that they can support young people in their own culture and abroad	Know their own learning strengths     Know how to set realistic and challenging goals     Know what the learning steps are they need to take to achieve their goal     Know a variety of problems that the world is facing     Know how to work with other people to make the world a better place     Know some ways in which they could work with others to make the world a better place     Know what their classmates like and admire about them



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To	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Dreams and Goals	Social and Emotional Skills	Understand that challenges can be difficult     Recognise some of the feelings linked to perseverance     Talk about a time that they kept on trying and achieved a goal     Be ambitious     Resilience     Recognise how kind words can encourage people     Feel proud     Celebrate success	Recognise things that they do well Explain how they learn best Celebrate an achievement with a friend Recognise their own feelings when faced with a challenge Recognise their own feelings when they are faced with an obstacle Recognise how they feel when they overcome an obstacle Can store feelings of success so that they can be used in the future	Be able to describe their own achievements and the feelings linked to this Recognise their own strengths as a learner Recognise how working with others can be helpful Be able to work effectively with a partner Be able to choose a partner with whom they work well Be able to work as part of a group Recognise how it feels to be part of a group that succeeds and store this feeling	Recognise other people's achievements in overcoming difficulties Imagine how it will feel when they achieve their dream / ambition Can break down a goal into small steps Recognise how other people can help them to achieve their goals Can manage feelings of frustration linked to facing obstacles Can share their success with others Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time	Can talk about their hopes and dreams and the feelings associated with these Can identify the feeling of disappointment Can identify a time when they have felt disappointed Be able to cope with disappointment Help others to cope with disappointment Can identify what resilience is Have a positive attitude Enjoy being part of a group challenge Can share their success with others Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time	Verbalise what they would like their life to be like when they are grown up Appreciate the contributions made by people in different jobs Appreciate the opportunities learning and education can give them Reflect on the differences between their own learning goals and those of someone from a different culture Appreciate the differences between themselves and someone from a different culture Understand why they are motivated to make a positive contribution to supporting others	Understand why it is important to stretch the boundaries of their current learning     Set success criteria so that they know when they have achieved their goal     Recognise the emotions they experience when they consider people in the world who are suffering or living in difficult circumstances     Empathise with people who are suffering or living in difficult situations     Be able to give praise and compliments to other people when they recognise that person's achievements		
Healthy Me	Overview	In this Puzzle children learn about their bodies; the names of some key parts as well as how to stay healthy. They talk about food and that some foods are healthier than others. They discuss the importance of sleep and what they can do to help themselves get to sleep. They talk about hand washing and why it is important. The class also discuss stranger danger and what they should do if approached by someone they don't know.	In this Puzzle the class talk healthy and unhealthy choices and how these choices make them feel. They talk about hygiene, keeping themselves clean and that germs can make you unwell. The children learn about road safety as well as people who can help them to stay safe.	In this Puzzle the class learn about healthy food; they talk about having a healthy relationship with food and making healthy choices. The children talk about things that make them feel relaxed and stressed. They talk about medicines, how they work and how to use them safely. The children have a go at making healthy snacks and also discuss why they are good for their bodies.	In this Puzzle the class talk about the importance of exercise and how it helps your body to stay healthy. They also talk about their heart and lungs, discuss what they do and that they are very important. The children talk about calories, fat and sugar; they discuss what each of these are and how the amount they consume can affect their health. The class talk about different types of drugs, the ones you take to make you better as well as other drugs. The children think about things, places and people that are dangerous and link this to strategies for keeping themselves safe.	In this Puzzle the class look at the friendship groups that they are part of, how they are formed, how they have leaders and followers and how they fit into them. The children are asked to reflect on their friendships, how different people make them feel and which friends they value the most. The class also look at smoking and its effects on health, they do the same with alcohol and then look at the reasons why people might drink or smoke. Finally, they talk about peer pressure and how to deal with it.	In this Puzzle the class look at the risks linked to smoking and how this affects the lungs, liver and heart. They do the same with the risks associated with alcohol misuse. They are taught a range of basic emergency procedures (including the recovery position) and learn how to contact the emergency services when needed. The children look at how body types are portrayed in the media, social media and celebrity culture. They also talk about eating disorders and people's relationships with food and how this can be linked to negative body image pressures.	In this Puzzle the children discuss taking responsibility for their own physical and emotional health and the choices linked to this. They talk about different types of drugs and the effects these can have on people's bodies. The class discuss exploitation as well as gang culture and the associated risks. They also talk about mental health / illness and that people have different attitudes towards this. They learn to recognise the triggers for and feelings of being stressed and that there are strategies they can use when they are feeling stressed.		



		VD	V1	V2	V2	V 4	V	VC
- 10	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Healthy Me	Key Vocabulary	Healthy, Exercise, Head, Shoulders, Knees, Toes, Sleep, Wash, Clean, Stranger, Scared, Trust.	Healthy, Unhealthy, Balanced, Exercise, Sleep, Choices, Clean, Body parts, Keeping clean, Toiletry items (e.g. toothbrush, shampoo, soap), Hygienic, Safe Medicines, Trust, Safe, Safety, Green Cross Code, Eyes, Ears, Look, Listen, Wait.	Healthy choices, Lifestyle, Motivation, Relax, Relaxation, Tense, Calm, Healthy, Unhealthy, Dangerous, Medicines, Safe, Body, Balanced diet, Portion, Proportion, Energy, Fuel, Nutritious.	Oxygen, Energy, Calories / kilojoules, Heartbeat, Lungs, Heart, Fitness, Labels, Sugar, Fat, Saturated fat, Healthy, Drugs, Attitude, Safe, Anxious, Scared, Strategy, Advice, Harmful, Risk, Feelings, Complex, Appreciate, Body, Choice.	Friendship, Emotions, Healthy, Relationships, Friendship groups, Value, Roles, Leader, Follower, Assertive, Agree, Disagree, Smoking, Pressure, Peers, Guilt, Advice, Alcohol, Liver, Disease, Anxiety, Fear, Believe, Assertive, Opinion, Right, Wrong.	Choices, Healthy behaviour, Unhealthy behaviour, Informed decision, Pressure, Media, Influence, Emergency, Procedure, Recovery position, Calm, Level-headed, Body image, Media, Social media, Celebrity, Altered, Self-respect, Comparison, Eating problem, Eating disorder, Respect, Debate, Opinion, Fact, Motivation.	Responsibility, Choice, Immunisation, Prevention, Drugs, Effects, Motivation, Prescribed, Unrestricted, Over- the-counter, Restricted, Illegal, Volatile substances, 'Legal highs', Exploited, Vulnerable, Criminal, Gangs, Pressure, Strategies, Reputation, Anti- social behaviour, Crime, Mental health, Emotional health, Mental illness, Symptoms, Stress, Triggers, Strategies, Managing stress, Pressure.
Healthy Me	Knowledge	Now the names for some parts of their body Know what the word 'healthy' means Know some things that they need to do to keep healthy Know that they need to exercise to keep healthy Know how to help themselves go to sleep and that sleep is good for them Know when and how to wash their hands properly Know what to do if they get lost Know how to say No to strangers	Know the difference between being healthy and unhealthy     Know some ways to keep healthy     Know how to make healthy lifestyle choices     Know how to keep themselves clean and healthy     Know that germs cause disease / illness     Know that all household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly     Know that medicines can help them if they feel poorly     Know how to keep safe when crossing the road     Know about people who can keep them safe	Know what their body needs to stay healthy     Know what relaxed means     Know what makes them feel relaxed / stressed     Know how medicines work in their bodies     Know that it is important to use medicines safely     Know how to make some healthy snacks     Know why healthy snacks are good for their bodies     Know which foods given their bodies energy	Know how exercise affects their bodies     Know why their hearts and lungs are such important organs     Know that the amount of calories, fat and sugar that they put into their bodies will affect their health     Know that there are different types of drugs     Know that there are things, places and people that can be dangerous     Know a range of strategies to keep themselves safe     Know when something feels safe or unsafe     Know that their bodies are complex and need taking care of	Know how different friendship groups are formed and how they fit into them     Know which friends they value most     Know that there are leaders and followers in groups     Know that they can take on different roles according to the situation     Know the facts about smoking and its effects on health     Know some of the reasons some people start to smoke     Know the facts about alcohol and its effects on health, particularly the liver     Know some of the reasons some people drink alcohol     Know ways to resist when people are putting pressure on them     Know what they think is right and wrong	Now the health risks of smoking  Know how smoking tobacco affects the lungs, liver and heart  Know some of the risks linked to misusing alcohol, including antisocial behaviour  Know basic emergency procedures including the recovery position  Know how to get help in emergency situations  Know that the media, social media and celebrity culture promotes certain body types  Know the different roles food can play in people's lives and know that people can develop eating problems / disorders related to body image pressure  Know what makes a healthy lifestyle	Now how to take responsibility for their own health Know how to make choices that benefit their own health and well-being Know about different types of drugs and their uses Know how these different types of drugs can affect people's bodies, especially their liver and heart Know that some people can be exploited and made to do things that are against the law Know why some people join gangs and the risk that this can involve Know what it means to be emotionally well Know that stress can be triggered by a range of things Know that being stressed can cause drug and alcohol misuse



Top	ic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Healthy Me	Social and Emotional Skills	Recognise how exercise makes them feel Recognise how different foods can make them feel Can explain what they need to do to stay healthy Can give examples of healthy food Can explain how they might feel if they don't get enough sleep Can explain what to do if a stranger approaches them	Feel good about themselves when they make healthy choices     Realise that they are special     Keep themselves safe     Recognise ways to look after themselves if they feel poorly     Recognise when they feel frightened and know how to ask for help     Recognise how being healthy helps them to feel happy	Desire to make healthy lifestyle choices     Identify when a feeling is weak and when a feeling is strong     Feel positive about caring for their bodies and keeping it healthy     Have a healthy relationship with food     Express how it feels to share healthy food with their friends	Able to set themselves a fitness challenge     Recognise what it feels like to make a healthy choice     Identify how they feel about drugs     Can express how being anxious or scared feels     Can take responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe     Respect their own bodies and appreciate what they do	Can identify the feelings that they have about their friends and different friendship groups Recognise how different people and groups they interact with impact on them Identify which people they most want to be friends with Recognise negative feelings in peer pressure situations Can identify the feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure Can tap into their inner strength and knowhow to be assertive	Can make informed decisions about whether or not they choose to smoke when they are older Can make informed decisions about whether they choose to drink alcohol when they are older Recognise strategies for resisting pressure Can identify ways to keep themselves calm in an emergency Can reflect on their own body image and know how important it is that this is positive Accept and respect themselves for who they are Respect and value their own bodies Be motivated to keep themselves healthy and happy	Are motivated to care for their own physical and emotional health     Are motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs     Identify ways that someone who is being exploited could help themselves     Suggest strategies someone could use to avoid being pressured     Recognise that people have different attitudes towards mental health / illness     Can use different strategies to manage stress and pressure



П	Tor	nic	Vear R	Vear 1	Vear 2	Vear 3	Vear /	Vear 5	Vear 6
	Top	oic	Year R  Children are introduced to the key relationships in their lives. They learn about families and the different roles people can have in a family. They explore the friendships they have and	Year 1  Children's breadth of relationships is widened to include people they may find in their school community. They consider their own significant relationships (family, friends	Year 2  Learning about family relationships widens to include roles and responsibilities in a family and the importance of co-operation, appreciation and trust. Friendships are also	Year 3 In this Puzzle children revisit family relationships and identify the different expectations and roles that exist within the family home. They identify why stereotypes	Year 4  Learning in this year group starts focussing on the emotional aspects of relationships and friendships.  With this in mind, children explore jealousy and loss/	Year 5  Children learn about the importance of self-esteem and ways this can be boosted. This is important in an online context as well as off-line, as mental health can be damaged	Year 6 In this Puzzle the class look at mental health and how to take care of their own mental wellbeing. They talk about the grief cycle and its various stages, they also discuss the different
	Relationships	Overview	what makes a good friend. They are introduced to simple strategies they can use to mend friendships. The children also learn about Jigsaw's Calm Me and how they can use this when feeling upset or angry.	and school community) and why these are special and important. As part of the learning on healthy and safe relationships, children learn that touch can be used in kind and unkind ways. This supports later work on safeguarding. Pupils also consider their own personal attributes as a friend, family member and as part of a community, and are encouraged to celebrate these.	revisited with a focus on falling out and mending friendships. This becomes more formalised and the children learn and practise two different strategies for conflict resolution (Solve-it-together and Mending Friendships). Children consider the importance of trust in relationships and what this feels like. They also learn about two types of secret, and why 'worry secrets' should always be shared with a trusted adult. Children reflect upon different types of physical contact in relationships, which are acceptable and which ones are not. They practise strategies for being assertive when someone is hurting them or being unkind. The children also discuss people who can help them if they are worried or scared.	can be unfair and may not be accurate e.g. Mum is the carer, Dad goes to work. They also look at careers and why stereotypes can be unfair in this context. They learn that families should be founded on love, respect, appreciation, trust and cooperation. Children are reminded about the solve-it-together technique for negotiating conflict situations and the concept of a win-win outcome is introduced. Online relationships through gaming and Apps is explored and children are introduced to some rules for staying safe online. Children also learn that they are part of a global community and they are connected to others they don't know in many ways e.g. through global trade. They investigate the wants and needs of other children who are less fortunate and compare these with their own. Children's universal rights are also revisited.	bereavement. They identify the emotions associated with these relationship changes, the possible reasons for the change and strategies for coping with the change. The children learn that change is a natural in relationships and they will experience (or may have already experienced) some of these changes.  Children revisit skills of negotiation particularly to help manage a change in a relationship. They also learn that sometimes it is better if relationships end, especially if they are causing negative feelings or they are unsafe.  Children are taught that relationship endings can be amicable.	by excessive comparison with others. This leads onto a series of lessons that allow the children to investigate and reflect upon a variety of positive and negative online/ social media contexts including gaming and social networking. They learn about age -limits and also age-appropriateness. Within these lessons, children are taught the SMARRT internet safety rules and they apply these in different situations. Risk, pressure and influences are revisited with a focus on the physical and emotional aspects of identifying when something online or in social media feels uncomfortable or unsafe. Children are taught about grooming and how people online can pretend to be whoever they want. Rights, responsibilities and respect are revisited with an angle on technology use. Screen time is also discussed and children find ways to reduce their own screen time. This Puzzle aims to help children to be more discerning when viewing anything online or on social media.	causes of grief and loss. The children talk about people who can try to control them or have power over them. They look at online safety, learning how to judge if something is safe and helpful as well as talking about communicating with friends and family in a positive and safe way.



	1 SCHOOL 1								
To	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Relationships	Key Vocabulary	Family, Jobs, Relationship, Friend, Lonely, Argue, Fall-out, Words, Feelings, Angry, Upset, Calm me, Breathing.	Family, Belong, Same, Different, Friends, Friendship, Qualities, Caring, Sharing, Kind, Greeting, Touch, Feel, Texture, Like, Dislike, Help, Helpful, Community, Feelings, Confidence, Praise, Skills, Self- belief, Incredible, Proud, Celebrate, Relationships, Special, Appreciate.	Family, Different, Similarities, Special, Relationship, Important, Co-operate, Touch, Physical contact, Communication, Hugs, Like, Dislike, Acceptable, Not acceptable, Friends, Conflict, Point of view, Positive problem solving, Secret, Surprise, Good secret, Worry secret, Telling, Adult, Trust, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Trust, Trustworthy, Honesty, Reliability, Compliments, Celebrate, Appreciate.	Men, Women, Unisex, Male, Female, Stereotype, Career, Job, Role, Responsibilities, Respect, Differences, Similarities, Conflict, Win-win, Solution, Solve-it-together, Problem-solve, Internet, Social media, Online, Risky, Gaming, Safe, Unsafe, Private messaging (pm), Direct messaging (dm), Global, Communication, Fair trade, Inequality, Food journey, Climate, Transport, Exploitation, Rights, Needs, Wants, Justice, United Nations, Equality, Deprivation, Hardship, Appreciation, Gratitude, Celebrate.	Relationship, Close, Jealousy, Problem-solve, Emotions, Positive, Negative, Loss, Shock, Disbelief, Numb, Denial, Anger, Guilt, Sadness, Pain, Despair, Hope, Souvenir, Memento, Memorial, Acceptance, Relief, Remember, Negotiate, Compromise, Trust, Loyal, Empathy, Betrayal, Amicable, Appreciation, Love.	Personal attributes, Qualities, Characteristics, Self-esteem, Unique, Comparison, Negative self-talk, Social media, Online, Community, Risky, Positive, Negative, Safe, Unsafe, Rights, Responsibilities, Social network, Gaming, Violence, Grooming, Troll, Gambling, Betting, Trustworthy, Appropriate, Screen time, Physical health, Mental health, Off-line, Social, Peer pressure, Influences, Personal information, Passwords, Privacy, Settings, Profile, SMARRT rules.	Mental health, Ashamed, Stigma, Stress, Anxiety, Support, Worried, Signs, Warning, Self-harm, Emotions, Feelings, Sadness, Loss, Grief, Denial, Despair, Guilt, Shock, Hopelessness, Anger, Acceptance, Bereavement, Coping strategies, Power, Control, Authority, Bullying, Script, Assertive, Risks, Pressure, Influences, Self- control, Real / fake, True / untrue, Assertiveness, Judgement, Communication, Technology, Power, Cyber- bullying, Abuse, Safety.	
Relationships	Knowledge	Know what a family is     Know that different people in a family have different responsibilities (jobs)     Know some of the characteristics of healthy and safe friendship     Know that friends sometimes fall out     Know some ways to mend a friendship     Know that unkind words can never be taken back and they can hurt     Know how to use Jigsaw's Calm Me to help when feeling angry     Know some reasons why others get angry	Know that everyone's family is different     Know that there are lots of different types of families     Know that families are founded on belonging, love and care     Know how to make a friend     Know the characteristics of healthy and safe friends     Know that physical contact can be used as a greeting     Know about the different people in the school community and how they help     Know who to ask for help in the school community	Know that everyone's family is different     Know that families function well when there is trust, respect, care, love and cooperation     Know that there are lots of forms of physical contact within a family     Know how to stay stop if someone is hurting them     Know some reasons why friends have conflicts     Know that friendships have ups and downs and sometimes change with time     Know how to use the Mending Friendships or Solve-it-together problemsolving methods     Know there are good secrets and worry secrets and why it is important to share worry secrets     Know what trust is	Know that different family members carry out different roles or have different responsibilities within the family     Know that gender stereotypes can be unfair e.g. Mum is always the carer, Dad always goes to work etc.     Know some of the skills of friendship, e.g. taking turns, being a good listener     Know some strategies for keeping themselves safe online     Know how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life     Know that they and all children have rights (UNCRC)     Know the lives of children around the world can be different from their own	Know some reasons why people feel jealousy     Know that jealousy can be damaging to relationships     Know that loss is a normal part of relationships     Know that negative feelings are a normal part of loss     Know that memories can support us when we lose a special person or animal     Know that change is a natural part of relationships/friendship     Know that sometimes it is better for a friendship/relationship to end if it is causing negative feelings or is unsafe	Know that a personality is made up of many different characteristics, qualities and attributes     Know that belonging to an online community can have positive and negative consequences     Know that there are rights and responsibilities in an online community or social network     Know that there are rights and responsibilities when playing a game online     Know that too much screen time isn't healthy     Know how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with friends	Know that it is important to take care of their own mental health     Know ways that they can take care of their own mental health     Know the stages of grief and that there are different types of loss that cause people to grieve     Know that sometimes people can try to gain power or control them     Know some of the dangers of being 'online'     Know how to use technology safely and positively to communicate with their friends and family	



То	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Relationships	Social and Emotional Skills	Can identify what jobs they do in their family and those carried out by parents/carers and siblings Can suggest ways to make a friend or help someone who is lonely Can use different ways to mend a friendship Can recognise what being angry feels like Can use Calm Me when angry or upset	<ul> <li>Can express how it feels to be part of a family and to care for family members</li> <li>Can say what being a good friend means</li> <li>Can show skills of friendship</li> <li>Can identify forms of physical contact they prefer</li> <li>Can say no when they receive a touch they don't like</li> <li>Can praise themselves and others</li> <li>Can recognise some of their personal qualities</li> <li>Can say why they appreciate a special relationship</li> </ul>	Can identify the different roles and responsibilities in their family Can recognise the value that families can bring Can recognise and talk about the types of physical contact that is acceptable or unacceptable Can use positive problemsolving techniques (Mending Friendships or Solve-ittogether) to resolve a friendship conflict Can identify the negative feelings associated with keeping a worry secret Can identify the feelings associated with trust Can identify who they trust in their own relationships Can give and receive compliments Can say who they would go to for help if they were worried or scared	Can identify the responsibilities they have within their family Can use Solve-it-together in a conflict scenario and find a win-win outcome Know how to access help if they are concerned about anything on social media or the internet Can empathise with people from other countries who may not have a fair job/ less fortunate Understand that they are connected to the global community in many different ways Can identify similarities in children's rights around the world Can identify their own wants and needs and how these may be similar or different from other children in school and the global community	Can identify feelings and emotions that accompany jealousy Can suggest positive strategies for managing jealousy Can identify people who are special to them and express why Can identify the feelings and emotions that accompany loss Can suggest strategies for managing loss Can tell you about someone they no longer see Can suggest ways to manage relationship changes including how to negotiate	Can suggest strategies for building self-esteem of themselves and others Can identify when an online community / social media group feels risky, uncomfortable, or unsafe Can suggest strategies for staying safe online / social media Can say how to report unsafe online / social network activity Can identify when an online game is safe or unsafe Can suggest ways to monitor and reduce screen time Can suggest strategies for managing unhelpful pressures online or in social networks	Recognise that people can get problems with their mental health and that it is nothing to be ashamed of Can help themselves and others when worried about a mental health problem Recognise when they are feeling grief and have strategies to manage them Demonstrate ways they could stand up for themselves and their friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control Can resist pressure to do something online that might hurt themselves or others Can take responsibility for their own safety and wellbeing



Tonic		Vear 1	Vear 2	Vear 3	Vear /	Vear 5	Vear 6
TOPIC		700		, , , , ,		100.0	
Lobic Changing Me	Children are encouraged to think about how they have changed from being a baby and what may change for them in the future. They consolidate the names and functions of some of the main parts of the body and discuss how these have changed. They learn that our bodies change as we get older in lots of different ways. Children understand that change can bring about positive and negative feelings, and that sharing these can help. They also consider the role that memories can have in managing change.	Children are introduced to life cycles e.g. that of a frog and identify the different stages. They compare this with a human life cycle and look at simple changes from baby to adult e.g. getting taller, learning to walk etc. They discuss how they have changed so far and that people grow up at different rates. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are taught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicles, vulva). They are also taught that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body. Change is discussed as a natural and normal part of getting older which can bring about happy and sad feelings. Children practise a range of skills to help manage their feelings and learn how to access help if they are worried about change, or if someone is hurting them.	In this Puzzle children look at different life cycles in nature including that of humans. They reflect on the changes that occur (not including puberty) between baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult and old -age. Within this, children also discuss how independence, freedoms and responsibility can increase with age. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are re-taught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicle, vulva). They are also reminded that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body, including a lesson on inappropriate touch and assertiveness. Children practise a range of strategies for managing feelings and emotions. They are also taught where they can get help if worried or frightened. Change is taught as a natural and normal part of growing up and the range of emotions that can occur with change are explored and discussed.	Year 3  This Puzzle (Puzzle) begins with an exploration about babies and what they need to grow and develop including parenting. Children learn that it is usually the female that carries the baby in nature. This leads onto lessons where puberty is introduced. Children first look at the outside body changes in males and females. They learn that puberty is a natural part of growing up and that it is a process for getting their bodies ready to make a baby when grownup. Inside body changes are also taught. Children learn that females have eggs (ova) in their ovaries and these are released monthly. If unfertilised by a male's sperm it passes out of the body as a period. Sexual intercourse and the birth of the baby is not taught in this year group. Children discuss how they feel about puberty and growing up and there are opportunities for them to seek reassurance if anything is worrying them.	Year 4  In this Puzzle bodily changes at puberty are revisited with some additional vocabulary, particularly around menstruation. Sanitary health is taught, including introducing pupils to different sanitary and personal hygiene products. Conception and sexual intercourse are introduced in simple terms so the children understand that a baby is formed by the joining of an ovum and sperm. They also learn that the ovum and sperm carry genetic information that carry personal characteristics. The unit (Puzzle) ends by looking at the feelings associated with change and how to manage these. Children are introduced to Jigsaw's Circle of change model as a strategy for managing future changes.	In this Puzzle the children revisit self-esteem and self/body-image. They learn that we all have perceptions about ourselves and others, and these may be right or wrong. They also reflect on how social media and the media can promote unhelpful comparison and how to manage this. Puberty is revisited with further detail explaining bodily changes in males and females. Sexual intercourse is explained in slightly more detail than in the previous year. Children are encouraged to ask questions and seek clarification about anything they don't understand. Further details about pregnancy are introduced including some facts about the development of the foetus and some simple explanation about alternative ways of conception e.g. IVF. Children learn that having a baby is a personal choice. Details of contraceptive options and methods are not taught as this is not ageappropriate. Reasons why people choose to be in a romantic relationship and choose to have a baby are also explored. Children look at what becoming a teenager means for them with an increase in freedom, rights and responsibilities. They also look at the perceptions that surround teenagers and reflect whether they are always accurate e.g. teenagers	In this Puzzle the class learn about puberty in boys and girls and the changes that will happen – they reflect on how they feel about these changes. The children also learn about childbirth and the stages of development of a baby, starting at conception. They talk about being physically attracted to someone and the effect this can have upon the relationship. They discuss relationships and the importance of mutual respect and not pressuring / being pressured into doing something that they don't want to. The children also learn about self-esteem, why it is important and ways to develop it. Finally, they look at the transition to secondary school (or next class) and what they are looking forward to / are worried about and how they can prepare themselves mentally.



Topic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Changing Me Key Vocabulary	Eye, Foot, Eyebrow, Forehead, Ear, Mouth, Arm, Leg, Chest, Knee, Nose, Tongue, Finger, Toe, Stomach, Hand, Baby, Grown-up, Adult, Change, Worry, Excited, Memories.	Changes, Life cycles, Baby, Adult, Adulthood, Grown-up, Mature, Male, Female, Vagina, Penis, Testicles, Vulva, Anus, Learn, New, Grow, Feelings, Anxious, Worried, Excited, Coping.	Change, Grow, Control, Life cycle, Baby, Adult, Fully grown, Growing up, Old, Young, Change, Respect, Appearance, Physical, Baby, Toddler, Child, Teenager, Independent, Timeline, Freedom, Responsibilities, Male, Female, Vagina, Penis, Testicles, Vulva, Anus, Public, Private, Touch, Texture, Cuddle, Hug, Squeeze, Like, Dislike, Acceptable, Unacceptable, Comfortable, Uncomfortable, Looking forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious, Happy.	Changes, Birth, Animals, Babies, Mother, Growing up, Baby, Grow, Uterus, Womb, Nutrients, Survive, Love, Affection, Care, Puberty, Control, Male, Female, Testicles, Sperm, Penis, Ovaries, Egg, Ovum / ova, Womb / uterus, Vagina, Stereotypes, Task, Roles, Challenge, Looking forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious, Happy.	Personal, Unique, Characteristics, Parents, Sperm, Egg / ovum, Penis, Testicles, Vagina / vulva, Womb / uterus, Ovaries, Making love, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Fertilise, Conception, Puberty, Menstruation, Periods, Circle, Seasons, Change, Control, Emotions, Acceptance, Looking forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious, Happy.	Body-image, Self-image, Characteristics, Looks, Personality, Perception, Self- esteem, Affirmation, Comparison, Uterus, Womb, Oestrogen, Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops, Puberty, Breasts, Vagina, Vulva, Hips, Penis, Testicles, Adam's Apple, Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader, Wider, Sperm, Semen, Erection, Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream, Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair, Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum, Testosterone, Circumcised, Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis, Ovaries, Egg (Ovum), Period, Fertilised, Unfertilised, Conception, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Making love, Embryo, Umbilical cord, IVF, Foetus, Contraception, Pregnancy, Menstruation, Sanitary products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner, Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal, Laws, Responsible, Teenager, Responsibilities, Rights.	Body-image, Self-image, Characteristics, Looks, Personality, Perception, Self- esteem, Affirmation, Comparison, negative body- talk, mental health, Uterus, Womb, Oestrogen, Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops, Puberty, Breasts, Vagina, Vulva, Hips, Penis, Testicles, Adam's Apple, Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader, Wider, Sperm, Semen, Erection, Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream, Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair, Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum, Testosterone, Circumcised, Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis, Ovaries, Egg (Ovum), Period, Fertilised, Unfertilised, Conception, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Making love, Embryo, Umbilical cord, IVF, Foetus, Contraception, Pregnancy, midwife, labour, Menstruation, Sanitary products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner, Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal, Laws, Responsible, Teenager, Responsibilities, Rights, opportunities, freedoms, responsibilities, attraction, relationship, love, sexting, transition, secondary, looking forward, journey, worries, anxiety, excitement



То	pic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Changing Me	Knowledge	Know the names and functions of some parts of the body (see vocabulary list)     Know that we grow from baby to adult     Know who to talk to if they are feeling worried     Know that sharing how they feel can help solve a worry     Know that remembering happy times can help us move on	Now that animals including humans have a life cycle Know that changes happen when we grow up Know that people grow up at different rates and that is normal Know the names of male and female private body parts Know that there are correct names for private body parts and nicknames, and when to use them Know which parts of the body are private and that they belong to that person and that nobody has the right to hurt these Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened Know that learning brings about change	Know that life cycles exist in nature     Know that aging is a natural process including old-age     Know that some changes are out of an individual's control     Know how their bodies have changed from when they were a baby and that they will continue to change as they age     Know the physical differences between male and female bodies     Know the correct names for private body parts     Know that private body parts are special and that no one has the right to hurt these     Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened     Know there are different types of touch and that some are acceptable and some are unacceptable	Now that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up Know that in nature it is usually the female that carries the baby Know that in humans a mother carries the baby in her uterus (womb) and this is where it develops Know that babies need love and care from their parents/carers Know some of the changes that happen between being a baby and a child Know that the male and female body needs to change at puberty so their bodies can make babies when they are adults Know some of the outside body changes that happen during puberty Know some of the changes on the inside that happen during puberty	Now that personal characteristics are inherited from birth parents and this is brought about by an ovum joining with a sperm Know that babies are made by a sperm joining with an ovum Know the names of the different internal and external body parts that are needed to make a baby Know how the female and male body change at puberty Know that personal hygiene is important during puberty and as an adult Know that change is a normal part of life and that some cannot be controlled and have to be accepted Know that change can bring about a range of different emotions	Know what perception means and that perceptions can be right or wrong     Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally     Know that sexual intercourse can lead to conception     Know that some people need help to conceive and might use IVF     Know that becoming a teenager involves various changes and also brings growing responsibility	Now how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally Know how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy and how it is born Know how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship Know the importance of selfesteem and what they can do to develop it Know what they are looking forward to and what they are worried about when thinking about transition to secondary school / moving to their next class



Topic	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Changing Me Social and Emotional Skills	Can identify how they have changed from a baby Can say what might change for them they get older Recognise that changing class can illicit happy and/or sad emotions Can say how they feel about changing class/ growing up Can identify positive memories from the past year in school/ home	Understand and accepts that change is a natural part of getting older Can identify some things that have changed and some things that have stayed the same since being a baby (including the body) Can express why they enjoy learning Can suggest ways to manage change e.g. moving to a new class	Can appreciate that changes will happen and that some can be controlled and others not Be able to express how they feel about changes Show appreciation for people who are older Can recognise the independence and responsibilities they have now compared to being a baby or toddler Can say what greater responsibilities and freedoms they may have in the future Can say who they would go to for help if worried or scared Can say what types of touch they find comfortable/ uncomfortable Be able to confidently ask someone to stop if they are being hurt or frightened Can say what they are looking forward to in the next year	Can express how they feel about babies Can describe the emotions that a new baby can bring to a family Can express how they feel about puberty Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they have any worries Can identify stereotypical family roles and challenge these ideas e.g. it may not always be Mum who does the laundry Can identify changes they are looking forward to in the next year Can suggest ways to help them manage feelings during changes they are more anxious about	Can appreciate their own uniqueness and that of others  Can express how they feel about having children when they are grown up  Can express any concerns they have about puberty  Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they are worried  Can apply the circle of change model to themselves to have strategies for managing change  Have strategies for managing the emotions relating to change	Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self- image and body-image Can suggest ways to boost self-esteem of self and others Recognise that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for them Can ask questions about puberty to seek clarification Can express how they feel about having a romantic relationship when they are an adult Can express how they feel about having children when they are an adult Can express how they feel about becoming a teenager Can say who they can talk to if concerned about puberty or becoming a teenager/adult	Recognise ways they can develop their own selfesteem  Can express how they feel about the changes that will happen to them during puberty Recognise how they feel when they reflect on the development and birth of a baby  Understand that mutual respect is essential in a boyfriend / girlfriend relationship and that they shouldn't feel pressured into doing something that they don't want to  Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self- image and body-image  Use strategies to prepare themselves emotionally for the transition (changes) to secondary school